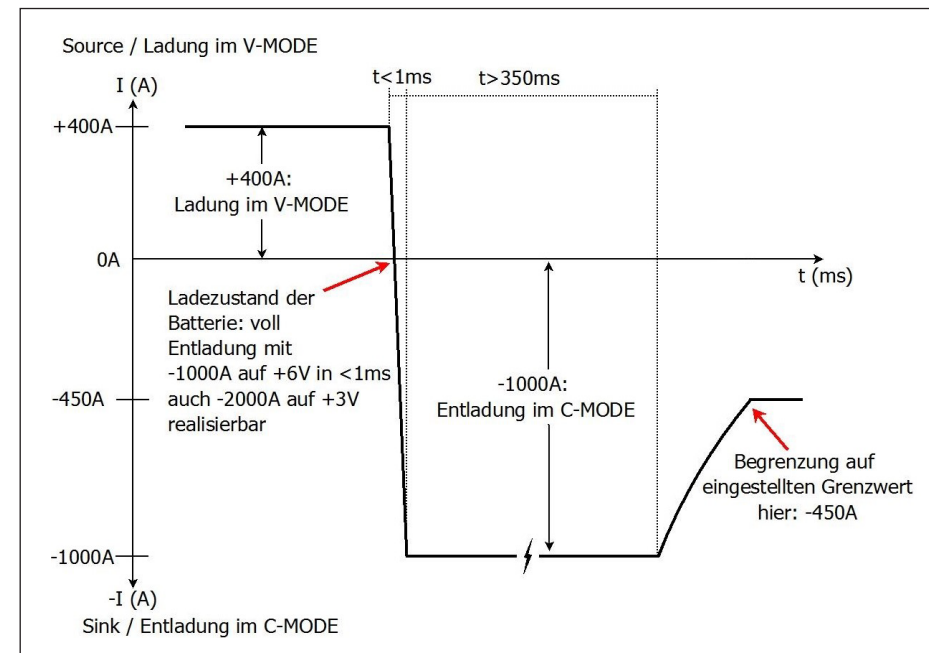
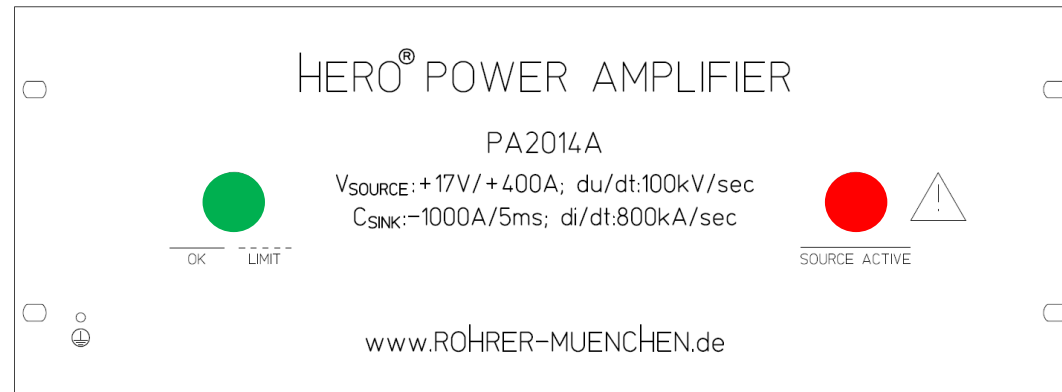


## Dynamiktest von Batterien



### Potentialverhältnisse:

- Eingänge, Monitore und Ausgang haben ein gemeinsames Bezugspotential
- Eingang DC gekoppelt
- **Achtung!** Verstärker <STOP> = automatisch C-0 Betrieb  
Im C-0 Betrieb stellt sich die Ausgangsspannung automatisch auf die anliegende Batteriespannung ein, sodass keine (außer der Selbstentladung) Entladung durch den Verstärker stattfindet.

## T303B – Outstanding Isolation Amplifier

<0,1% accuracy  
18 ranges up to ±5 kV (common mode up to 3 kV)

### Application examples:

- Contact behaviour of high power contactors
- ±200 mV range withstands ±1000 V



## PFL2250-28-UDC415-IDC375 – with Cooling Panel

### Our chameleon among all power amplifiers

### Features:

- Mains simulation 45 kVA by paralleling
- ±400 V / ±24 A / DC-160 kHz (full load); 400 kHz (partial load)
- V/C operation switchable
- Power dissipation AC operation continuous: 5 kVA with cooling panel
- Insensitive to inductive and capacitive loads

### Typical applications:

- Power grid simulation with superfast dips or interruptions of µsec.
- Components tests



## SPECIAL ANALOG POWER AMPLIFIERS

## Our latest system for battery and coil testing: PAB-340VA-C200 – Bipolar Linear Regulated Amplifier

± 200 V / ± 200 A-DC to 1 kHz

- 4-Quadrant / Source -Sink operation
- Voltage / Current regulation
- 100 % power dissipation: 50 kW
- Lab View programmable 10 V function generator
- Output contactor for galvanic isolation (software controlled)



Amplifier - Output Stage



Power Supply





**Special Applications**

- Automotive Applications
- Network Simulations
- Material Investigations

e.g. inductive components with cosY app. 0,0  
 Power: e.g. 50 kW, 800 A

- Precision zero axis crossing
- Negligible residuals
- Linear regulated
- 4-Quadrant power amplifiers

**Specifically used in**

- Automotive applications
- Network simulations
- Material investigations  
 e.g. inductive components with cosY 0.0x and 50 kW.
- Calibration of high precision current transformers  
 e.g. > 500 A... DC > 100 kHz
- Puplic line simulation: Residuals to some 100 kHz,  
 depending on your needs
- Simulation of high-voltage DC power transmissions  
 over long distances  
 e.g. off-shore to Southern Germany
- Space simulation  
 Degaussing to create magnetic field free spaces
- Automotive  
 Life tests of automotive components
- Power measurement on clocked drives  
 e.g. 3 kVrms with cut-off peaks up to approx. 20 kv  
 in the µsec range
- Power transformers (e.g. wind turbines) with  
 cosy vs. 0

**Demanding users**

appreciate our flexibility, quality and reliability:

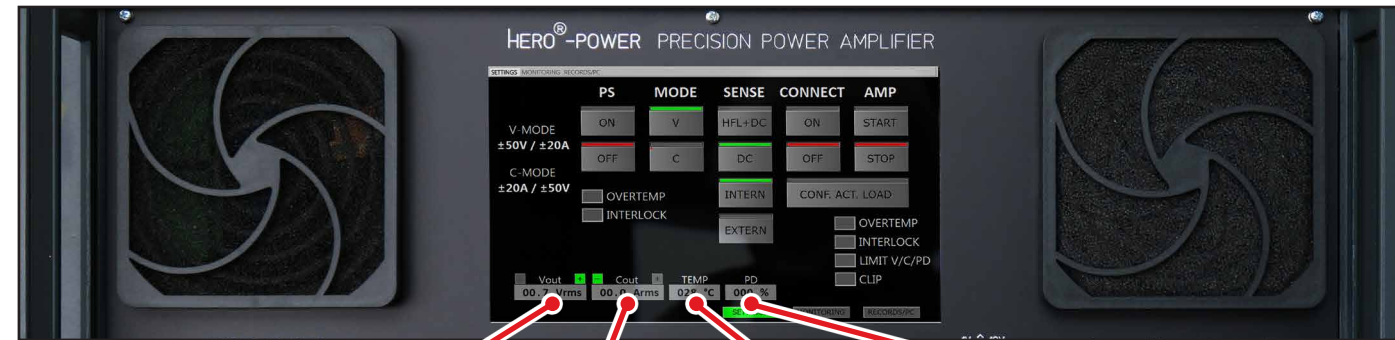
World renowned NIM institutions, such as:

- Argentina
- Mexico
- Netherlands
- Canada
- China
- South Africa
- Switzerland

For more information please refer to our reference list.



**Local/Remote Control Unit for our Power Amplifiers**



Actual values for: Voltage | Current | Temperature | Power dissipation

**Screens**

SETTINGS

active

MONITORING

active

RECORDS/PC

active

**MANUAL**      **SCREENSHOTS (Files)**

**Windows 10 as operating system in the background:**  
 Access through the usual key combination WIN+E

**Präzisions-Leistungsverstärker PA5000W**

**I<sub>A</sub> - Regelung**

Präzisions- Leistungsverstärker Typ PA5000W  
**I<sub>A</sub> - Regelung**

Ausgangswerte	Bereich R1	Bereich R2	Bereich R3
<b>I<sub>A</sub> - Betrieb</b>	<b>±500A / ±5V</b>	<b>±500A / ±10V</b>	<b>±10A / ±10V</b>
<b>Skalierung</b>			
Aussteuerung	±1V U <sub>IN</sub> = 50 A I <sub>OUT</sub>	±1V U <sub>IN</sub> = 50 A I <sub>OUT</sub>	±1V U <sub>IN</sub> = 1 A I <sub>OUT</sub>
Dynamik	DC...1kHz-3db		
<b>Monitore</b>			
U - Monitor	1V=2V U <sub>A</sub>		
I - Monitor	1V=100A I <sub>A</sub>	1V=100A I <sub>A</sub>	1V=1A I <sub>A</sub>
Verlustleistung	5 kW dauernd; bei 6kW Begrenzung durch Zurückregelung der Aussteuerung		

**Präzisionsverstärker zur Kalibrierung des Lade- und Entladevorgangs von Batterien**

**Potentialverhältnisse:**

- Erdfreier Aufbau
- Additive BNC-Eingänge:  
 1 x DC-gekoppelt, 1 x AC-gekoppelt
- alle Vorgaben werden addiert  
**Achtung! Verstärker <OFF>**  
 Der Ausgang wird auf I<sub>OUT</sub> = 0 A geregelt!  
 Im Leerlauf kann die Ausgangsspannung auf ca. ±30 V ansteigen.  
 Nachträge beachten!

